## Index

GENERAL SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS FOR INSTALLATION AND MAINTENANCE ..... p. 2
TOOLS AND MATERIALS ..... p. 2
DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY ..... p. 3
WARNINGS FOR THE INSTALLER ..... p. 3

1. DIMENSIONS ..... p. 4
2. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS ..... p. 4
3. ANCILLARY ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT ..... p. 4
4. DESCRIPTION ..... p. 5
5. PRELIMINARY CHECKS ..... p. 5
6. ASSEMBLY ..... p. 6
6.1. Sliding guide ..... p. 6
6.2. Rear fitting ..... p. 6
6.3. External release (optional) ..... p. 7
7. INSTALLATION ..... p. 7
7.1. Sliding guide ..... p. 7
7.2. On-door fitting ..... p. 8
7.3. Operator ..... p. 9
7.4. Releasing the automated system ..... p. 9
7.5. External release ..... p. 9
8. E1000 CONTROL BOARD ..... p. 10
8.1. Technical specifications ..... p. 10
8.2. E1000 board components ..... p. 10
8.3. Terminal-boards and connectors ..... p. 10
8.4. DS1 Programming dip-switches ..... p. 10
8.5. Operating logics ..... p. 10
9. COURTESY LIGHT ..... p. 11
10. CONNECTIONS ..... p. 11
11. PROGRAMMING ..... p. 12
11.1. Setting the board ..... p. 12
11.2. Learning (SET UP) ..... p. 12
11.3. Pre-flashing ..... p. 14
12. MEMORY STORAGE OF RADIO CONTROLS CODING ..... p. 14
12.1. Memory storage of radio controls DS ..... p. 14
12.2. Memory storage of radio controls SLH ..... p. 14
12.3. Memory storage of radio controls LC (for some markets only) ..... p. 15
12.3.1. Remote memory storage of LC radio controls ..... p. 15
12.4. Radio controls deletion procedure ..... p. 15
13. START-UP ..... p. 15
14. PARACHUTE CABLES ..... p. 16
15. MAINTENANCE ..... p. 16
16. REPAIRS ..... p. 16
17. ACCESSORIES ..... p. 16
17.1. Central support ..... p. 16
17.2. Key-operated release ..... p. 16
17.3. Safety edge CN60E ..... p. 16
17.4. Battery KIT ..... p. 16
18. TROUBLESHOOTING ..... p. 17

## GENERAL SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS <br> FOR INSTALLATION AND MAINTENANCE

For an efficient and safe automated door, correctly observe the installation procedures and instructions for use. Incorrect installation and use can cause serious damage to persons and property.

Carefully read the whole installation manual before you begin installing.
Do not make any modifications which are not mentioned in this manual.
Do not install the operator for uses other than those indicated.
To fasten, use the supplied accessories or, in any case, fastening systems (screws, expansion plugs, etc.) suitable for the type of support and for the mechanical stresses exerted by the automated system.

Check if the sectional door conforms to standards EN 12604 and EN 12605 (the information can be found in the documentation accompanying the door itself). For non-EU countries, the above mentioned standards must be observed in addition to the national standard references to obtain a suitable safety level.
Make sure that the door is correctly balanced, correctly operational, and supplied with mechanical opening stops.

When installing we advise you to:

- obtain the material and tools indicated in the following paragraph "Tools and materials" and keep them near at hand.
- use a stable support for performing operations without a floor support.
- protect your face and hands adequately before making the holes with the drill.
- do not allow children to play near during installation, use and during the automated system release manoeuvre.
- remove any debris and objects which could hamper movement, before powering up the system.
- remove the door's closing mechanism to ensure the door is closed by the automatism.
- stick on the warning stickers as shown in the instruction.
- install the manual release devices at a height of not over 180 cm .
-install the external control devices at a height of not below 150 cm , clear of the door movement area, but in a position enabling visual control of the area.

When you have finished installing we advise you to:
$\cdot$ check if the anti-crushing device is able to detect a 50 mm high object on the ground and if a weight of 20 kg applied to the door, causes the opening movement to stop.

- make sure that no part of the door interferes with public spaces such as pavements and/or roads.
- Use the automated system observing the instructions in the "User's guide".
- Fill in, keep and update the maintenance register.
- The D1000 automated system does not require periodic replacement of parts.
- Every month, run a functional check of the safety devices and of the anti-crushing system: a non-deformable object with a height of 50 mm laid on the ground, must be correctly detected.



## IMPORTANT! DANGER OF CRUSHING.

- If the power cable of operator D1000 is damaged, it must be replaced by qualified personnel, using a new cable of the same type. Do not use different power cables.


## TOOLS AND MATERIALS

Tools you will require to install the D1000 operator:

- a hammer drill with relevant wall and iron bits
- screwdrivers for cross-head and cut-head screws
-two flat wrenches for 13 mm hexagon head screws

Material required for installing the D1000 operator and the relevant accessories (if present):

- cable $2 \times 0,5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ (emitting photocells, pulse generators for opening movement and stop)
- cable $4 \times 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ (receiver photocells)
- cable $2 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ (flashing lamp)
- cable $2 \times 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ (power)

Use cables with an adequate degree of insulation.
The electric system must conform to the prescriptions in the chapter entitled "Warnings for the installer".
The 230 Vac power cable must be laid and connected by a qualified installation technician. Arrange for a 2 P 10 A 250 V socket to be installed near the operator.
Lay the cables in the appropriate pipes and do not allow loose cables to come into contact with moving parts of the automated system and the door.

# CE DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY FOR MACHINES (DIRECTIVE 98/37/EC) 

Manufacturer: FAAC S.p.A.
Address: Via Benini, 1 - 40069 Zola Predosa BOLOGNA - ITALY
Declares that: Operator model. D1000 with E1000 unit,

- is built to be integrated into a machine or to be assembled with other machinery to create a machine under the provisions of Directive 98/37/EC;
- conforms to the essential safety requirements of the other following EEC directives:

73/23/EEC and subsequent amendment 93/68/EEC.
89/336/EEC and subsequent amendment 92/31/EEC and 93/68/EEC
Furthermore, the manufacturer declares that the machinery must not be put into service until the machine into which it will be integrated or of which it will become a component has been identified and its conformity to the conditions of Directive 89/392/EEC and subsequent modifications assimilated in Italian National legislation under Presidential Decree No. 459 of 24 July 1996 has been declared.

Bologna, 01 January 2006
The Managing Director


## WARNINGS FOR THE INSTALLER

## general safety obligations

1) ATTENTION! To ensure the safety of people, it is important that you read all the following instructions. Incorrect installation or incorrect use of the product could cause serious harm to people.
2) Carefully read the instructions before beginning to install the product.
3) Do not leave packing materials (plastic, polystyrene, etc.) within reach of children as such materials are potential sources of danger.
4) Store these instructions for future reference.
5) This product was designed and built strictly for the use indicated in this documentation. Any other use, not expressly indicated here, could compromise the good condition/operation of the product and/or be a source of danger.
6) FAAC declines all liability caused by improper use or use other than that for which the automated system was intended.
7) Do not install the equipment in an explosive atmosphere: the presence of inflammable gas or fumes is a serious danger to safety.
8) The mechanical parts must conform to the provisions of Standards EN 12604 and EN 12605.
For non-EU countries, to obtain an adequate level of safety, the Standards mentioned above must be observed, in addition to national legal regulations
9) FAAC is not responsible for failure to observe Good Technique in the construction of the closing elements to be motorised, or for any deformation that may occur during use.
10) The installation must conform to Standards EN 12453 and EN 12445. For non-EU countries, to obtain an adequate level of safety, the Standards mentioned above must be observed, in addition to national legal regulations.
11) Before attempting any job on the system, cut out electrical power.
12) The mains power supply of the automated system must be fitted with an all-pole switch with contact opening distance of 3mm or greater. Use of a 6 A thermal breaker with all-pole circuit break is recommended.
13) Make sure that a differential switch with threshold of 0.03 A is fitted upstream of the system.
14) Make sure that the earthing system is perfectly constructed, and connect metal parts of the means of the closure to it.
15) The safety devices (EN 12978 standard) protect any danger areas against mechanical movement Risks, such as crushing, dragging, and shearing.
16) Use of at least one indicator-light (e.g. FAACLIGHT ) is recommended for every system, as well as a warning sign adequately secured to the frame structure, in addition to the devices mentioned at point " 15 ".
17) FAAC declines all liability as concerns safety and efficient operation of the automated system, if system components not produced by FAAC are used.
18) For maintenance, strictly use original parts by FAAC.
19) Do not in any way modify the components of the automated system.
20) The installer shall supply all information concerning manual operation of the system in case of an emergency, and shall hand over to the user the warnings handbook supplied with the product.
21) Do not allow children or adults to stay near the product while it is operating.
22) Keep remote controls or other pulse generators away from children, to prevent the automated system from being activated involuntarily.
23) Transit under the door must occur only when the automated system has stopped.
24) The user must not attempt any kind of repair or direct action whatever and contact qualified personnel only.
25) Maintenance: check at least every 6 months the efficiency of the system, particularly the efficiency of the safety devices (including, where foreseen, the operator thrust force) and of the release devices.
26) Anything not expressly specified in these instructions is not permitted.

## AUTOMATED SYSTEM D1000

## These instructions apply to model FAAC D1000.

The D1000 automated systems make it possible to automate balanced sectional doors of single garages for residential use.
They consist of an electro-mechanical operator, electronic control unit and courtesy light built into a single unit. This unit is fitted to the ceiling and opens the door by means of a transmission chain or belt.
The system is non-reversing and, therefore, the door locks mechanically when the motor is not operating and, consequently, no lock is necessary; two manual releases, one on the inside and one on the outside (optional) make it possible to move the door in case of a power cut or fault.
The operator is supplied with an electronic device that detects the presence of an obstacle that would hinder door movement - the device prevents crushing or lifting.

This instruction refers to the operator with chain drive, but the same procedures, regulations and application limits apply also to the belt driven operator.
The D1000 automated systems were designed and built for indoor use and to control vehicle access. Do not use them for any other purpose.

## 1. DIMENSIONS



## 2. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

| Model | D1000 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Power supply (V ~ / 50 Hz.) | 230 |
| Electric motor (Vdc) | 24 |
| Maximum absorbed power (W) | 350 |
| Thrust force (N) | $600 / 1000$ |
| Type of use | continuous |
| CFig. 4) |  |
| Maximum dimensions from ceiling (mm) | 35 ( mi |
| Courtesy light (V ~/W) | $230 / 40$ max. |
| Courtesy light timer (sec) | 120 |
| Standard speed with no-load carriage (m/min) | 8,9 |
| Slow speed with no-load carriage (m/min) | 4,5 |
| Carriage deceleration speed (m/min) | 1,1 |
| Noise at standard speed (dB(A)) | 52 |
| Travel length at deceleration | Varies according to set-up |
| Intrinsic safety device | Category 2 |
| Maximum sectional door width (mm) | 5000 |
| Maximum sectional door height (mm) | See useful travel |
| Sliding guide useful travel (mm) | $2500-3100-3800$ |
| Protection class | For indoor use only (IP20) |
| Operating ambient temperature ( ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) | $-20 /+55$ |

## (4) The level of noise emission of operator D1000, referred

 to the work station, is $52 \mathrm{~dB}(\mathrm{~A})$.
## 3. ANCILLARY ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT

Prepare the electric system in keeping with the instructions in the chapter entitled "Warnings for the installer"
When you have finished installing, check if any external pipes or cables can come into contact with moving parts.
Install the fixed control points at a minimum height of 150 cm , clear of the door movement area, but in a position enabling visual control of that area.

(1) Cable $2 \times 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ (TX photocell)
(2) Cable $4 \times 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ (RX photocell)
(3) Power pipe (230V)
(4) Low voltage pipe
(5) Cable $2 \times 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ (power)

Fig. 2

## 4. DESCRIPTION



## 5. PRELIMINARY CHECKS

- The structure of the door must be suitable for fitting automation. In particular, check that the door dimensions conform to those indicated in the technical specifications, and that it is sufficiently sturdy.
- Check if the door conforms to standards EN12604 and EN12605.
- As it moves, the door must not encroach public areas dedicated to pedestrian or vehicular transport.
- Check the efficiency of the door bearings and joints.
- Make sure that the door is friction-free. If necessary clean and lubricate the guides with silicone based products, but do not use grease, and, in any event, follow the manufacturer's instructions.
Check correct balance and if the opening mechanical stops


## min. 35 mm

Fig. 4
have been installed.

- Remove the door's existing closing mechanism to ensure the door is closed by the automated system.
- Make sure there is a clearance of at least 35 mm between the ceiling and the highest sliding point of the door (Fig.4).
Check if the upper guide roller of the sectional door is in the horizontal part of the guide while the door is closed (fig. 5).


Fig. 5

## 6. ASSEMBLY

### 6.1. Sliding guide

If you use a sliding guide in two pieces, you must assemble it, as explained below. If you have a pre-assembled guide, go on to paragraph 6.2.

1) Assemble the two pieces of the sliding guide, fitting them in the central joint (Fig. 6 ref. A) until they come to a stop against the metal reference reliefs (Fig. 6 ref. B). To facilitate engaging the sliding guide, we advise you to insert it in the central joint, compressing it as shown in Fig. 6 ref. C. Do not use tools which could deform the guide or joint.

2) Slide the transmission unit (Fig. 7 ref. A) along the whole sliding guide, until it is near the front terminal, the one opposite the drive coupling.
3) Assemble the front fitting (Fig. 7 ref. B) to the transmission unit (Fig. 7 ref. A).
4) Apply slight tension to the chain, tightening the nut (Fig. 7 ref. C.).
5) Place the sliding guide on the side (Fig. 8).
6) Push the carriage toward the drive clutch unit (Fig. 8 ref. C).
7) Adjust the tensioner (fig. 8 ref. A) so that the central zone of the loop, formed by the top branch of the chain, coincides with about the mid-point of the sliding guide (Fig. 8 ref. B).

Attention: too much tension can cause damage to the transmission and drive clutch units.

### 6.2. Rear fitting

Before securing the sliding guide to the ceiling, assemble the rear fitting in the seat of the drive clutch unit and fasten the screws as shown in Fig. 9 ref. (1).


Fig. 8

### 6.3. External release (optional)

If the external release system has to be installed, the cable must be placed in its seat before beginning to install.

1) Release the carriage (see par. 7.4 point 3), and take it to the slot on the top of the sliding guide.
2) Fit the cable terminal on the red seat (Fig. 10).
3) Take the carriage back toward the drive clutch unit until the through-hole on the carriage coincides with the slot, and fit the unsheathed cable (Fig. 11).
4) Fully withdraw the cable from the bottom of the carriage.
5) Wind the cable around itself to prevent it getting in the way while the sliding guide is being installed.

## 7. INSTALLATION

- To ensure you work in safe conditions, we advise you to install the operator while keeping the door fully closed.
- Use all the specified anchorage points.
- The fastening systems must be suitable for the type of support and sufficiently tough.
- Protect your hands and face adequately while drilling the holes.
- Read this chapter to the full before you begin installing.


### 7.1. Sliding guide

When you have finished the preliminary assembly operations, you can begin installing the sliding guide, as follows:

1) On the architrave, mark a line corresponding to the vertical mid-point of the door (Fig. 12).
2) On the architrave, mark a horizontal line corresponding to the maximum height reached by the door during movement (see Fig. 4).
3) Position the securing bracket of the front fitting, so that the lower edge is at least 5 mm above the intersection point of the lines and centred with respect to the vertical line (Fig. 12). Also refer to paragraph 7.2 for correct positioning of the bracket with respect to the fitting point on the door.
4) Mark the two securing points.
5) Next, drill and install, using the screws (ref. (1) Fig. 12) NOT supplied.
6) Position the sliding guide on the floor, perpendicular with respect to the door.
7) Lift guide off the front fitting and assemble the latter with the securing bracket, using the through screw and nut (Fig. 13).


Fig. 10

8) Lift the sliding guide until the rear fitting is at the same level as the front fitting, or until you reach the same inclination as the door's horizontal rail. If you are securing directly to the ceiling, go to point 12 .
9) Measure the distance between the ceiling and the between-axis position of the nuts securing the rear fitting.
10) Bend the supplied brackets according to the measurement you have taken (measure starting from the centre of the bracket's first slot).
11) Fit the brackets on the rear fitting and re-position the sliding guide (Fig. 14).
12) Mark the on-ceiling securing points of the rear fitting and drill (taking care to protect the sliding guide). Finish installing the guide.
13) If using a two-piece guide with central joint (Fig. 15 ref. A) or the central support for a single rail (Fig. 15 ref. B - optional), secure to the ceiling, using the brackets and proceed according to steps 9, 10 and 12 (Fig. 15).

### 7.2. On-door fitting

1) Assemble the fitting with the carriage rod (Fig. 16).


Position the fitting on the door so that the through-element of the release cable is facing toward the left side of the door (ref. (1) Fig. 17).
2) Close the door and take the carriage near to it.
3) Position the fitting on the door, centred with respect to its mid-point.
4) Make sure that the distance between the between-centres of the securing holes of the front fitting and the on-door fitting does not exceed 20 cm (Fig. 17). To ensure correct operation of the automated system, we advise you to avoid arm inclinations of over $30^{\circ}$ compared to the sliding guide. If using the curved arm for sectional doors (optional), carry out the assembly with the straight arm of the carriage as shown in Fig. 18. To improve efficiency of the anti-crushing system, we advise you to secure the fitting on the sectional door as low as possible, without, however, exceeding the distance of 40 cm from the operator's front fitting.
5) Mark, drill and secure the fitting to the door, using the screws (ref. (2) Fig. 17) NOT supplied.




### 7.3. Operator

When you have assembled the rear fitting to the sliding guide and finished installing the sliding guide, you can install the operator:

1) While keeping the operator inclined at $15 / 20^{\circ}$ (Fig. 20), insert the gearmotor shaft in the coupling on the rear fitting of the sliding guide and make the fins (Fig. 19 ref. (1)) near to the seats at the bottom of the operator base (Fig. 19 ref. (2)).
2) Turn the operator in the direction of Fig. 20 until you reach position of Fig. 21, and fit the pin in the hole of the rear fitting (Fig. 21 ref. (1).


### 7.4. Releasing the automated system

1) Define the height of the release knob, taking into account that it must not be over 180 cm off the ground, and cut off the excess section of rope.
2) Make a knot at the end of the rope and assemble the release handle (Fig. 22).
3) Pull the release handle down and check if the door can be moved manually (Fig. 22).
4) Pull the release handle horizontally in the direction of the door (Fig. 23). Check if, when the handle is released, the LOCK window under the carriage is red. Move the door manually until you find the carriage's hook-on point.
Make sure that there are no persons, animals or objects in the door movement area during the release manoeuvre.

### 7.5. External release

If the automated system has an external release, finish installing (see par. 6.3):

1) Cut the cable sheath to size (Fig. 24 ref. A).
2) Fit the cable inside the sheath and route it through the eyelet of the door fitting (Fig. 24 ref. B).
3) Cut the cable to size and assemble it together to the internal lever of the release handle (Fig. 24 ref. C).


Fig. 22


## 8. E1000 CONTROL BOARD

8.1. Technical specifications

| Supply voltage (V ~ / Hz.) | $230 / 50$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| Power supply to accessories (Vdc) | 24 |
| Accessories max. load (mA.) | 200 |
| Operating ambient temperature ( ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) | $-20 /+55$ |
| Quick-fit connector | for receiver boards XF433 / <br> XF868 and battery module |
| Operating logics | Automatic / Semiautomatic |
| Terminal-board connections | Open/Stop/Safety devices/Fail- <br> safe/Flashing lamp 24 Vdc |
| Courtesy light timer (min.) | 2 |

### 8.2. E1000 board components

| J1 | Low voltage inputs/accessories terminal board |
| :---: | :--- |
| J2 | Quick-fit connector for receivers XF433 or XF868 |
| J3 | 230V power supply input terminal board |
| J4 | Connector for transformer primary winding |
| J5 | Courtesy light terminal-board |
| J7 | Connector for transformer secondary winding |
| J8 | Motor output connector |
| J12 | Battery module connector |
| OPEN A | Radio signal programming push-button |
| OPEN B | Radio signal programming push-button |
| OPEN | OPEN push-button |
| SETUP | SET-UP push-button |
| DS1 | Programming dip-switch |
| LD1 | Signalling LED: OPEN input |
| LD2 | Signalling LED: STOP input |
| LD3 | Signalling LED: FSW input |
| LD4 | Signalling LED: SET UP cycle |
| LD5 | LED signalling memory-storage: radio channel OPEN A |
| LD6 | LED signalling memory-storage: radio channel OPEN B |
| TR1 | Closing force adjustment |
| TR2 | Opening force adjustment |

### 8.3. Terminal-boards and connectors

| Description | Connected device |
| :---: | :--- |
| OPEN A | Command device with N.O. contact <br> (see chap. OPERATING LOGICS) |
| STOP | Device with N.C. contact which stops the <br> automated system |
| - | Negative for OPEN A and STOP devices |
| FSW | Closing safety device with N.C. contact (see <br> chap. OPERATING LOGICS) |
| LAMP | OPEN COLLECTOR 24 Vdc 100 mA. output for <br> flashing lamp |
| -TX FSW | Negative for powering safety accessories (FAIL <br> SAFE function) |
| $\boldsymbol{P}$ | Negative for powering accessories |
| +24 Vdc for powering accessories |  |
| N |  |

### 8.4. DS1 Programming dip-switches

| No. Function | OFF | ON |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 1 Fail Safe | Enabled | Not enabled |
| 2 Anti-crushing sensitivity | Low | High |
| 3 Force adjustment | Automatic | Manual |
| 4 Carriage speed | High | Low |



Fig. 25

## Fail Safe

If activated, it enables the photocell operating test before every movement.

## Operating logics

For doors with an irregular movement, it reduces the sensitivity of the anti-crushing device to prevent unwanted action by it.

## Manual adjustment of force

If you wish to adjust force manually, before learning, turn ON switch No. 3 of DS1, and manually adjust the thrust force with TR1 (closure) and TR2 (opening). Maximum available thrust is 1000 N.
8.5. Operating logics

## Logic A (automatic)

| Status | Open (pulse) | Stop | Fsw |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CLOSED | Opens and closes <br> after pause time | No effect (2) | No effect |
| OPENING | No effect | Locks (2) | No effect (1) |
| OPEN IN <br> PAUSE | Resumes counting of <br> pause time (1) | Locks (1) | Resumes counting of <br> pause time (1) |
| CLOSING | Reverses motion | Locks (2) | Reverses motion |
| LOCKED | Closes | No effect (2) | No effect (1) |

Logic E (semi-automatic)

| Status | Open (pulse) | Stop | Fsw |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CLOSED | Opens | No effect (2) | No effect |
| OPENING | Locks | Locks (2) | No effect (1) |
| OPEN | Closes | No effect (2) | No effect (1) |
| CLOSING | Reverses motion | Locks (2) | Reverses motion |
| LOCKED | Closes | No effect (2) | No effect (1) |

(1) Prevents closing if pulse is maintained.
(2) Prevents closing and/or opening if pulse is maintained.

During the opening manoeuvre, the anti-crushing device causes an immediate stop. During the closing manoeuvre, it opens the door.
If, during closure, an obstacle is detected more than three consecutive times, the automated system considers this distance as the new closing contact point and goes into closed status. To restore the correct positions, remove the obstacle and command a new cycle: at the next closure, the automated system will advance at low speed until it detects the contact point.

## 9. COURTESY LIGHT

- The courtesy light stays lighted for 2 minutes after the end of the manoeuvre (cannot be modified).



## 10. CONNECTIONS

IMPORTANT: Before attempting any work on the board (connections, maintenance), always cut off power.

- To prevent any electric noise whatever, use separate sheaths for powering the network, signals and accessories.
- The D1000 operator has a cable with a two-pole plug for 230 Vac power supply.
- To connect the external controls, safety devices and signals, break open the pre-holed element (Fig. 26 ref. (1)).
- To connect the safety edge (see par. 18.3), break open the pre-holed element (Fig. 26 ref. (2).
- Make the electrical connections, referring to Fig. 27.

If the STOP input is not used, jumper connect the input to the terminal $\Theta$.
If the photocells are not used, connect the FSW input to terminal -TX FSW.

Inputs status leds:

| LD | Meaning | OFF | ON |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | Input status OPEN | Not enabled | Enabled |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | Input status STOP | Enabled | Not Enabled |
| 3 | Input status FSW | Safety devices engaged | Safety devices disengaged |

(8)

The automated system stopped and at rest is indicated in bold for each input.


Fig. 27

ENGLISH

## 11. PROGRAMMING

11.1. Setting the board

Set the appliance with Dip-Switch DS1 to obtain the operation you require, referring to chapter 8.4.

If you wish to manually set the thrust force, turn ON dip-switch 3 of DS1 and adjust potentiometers TR1 (CLOSURE) and TR2 (OPENING) BEFORE EFFECTING THE LEARNING PROCEDURE. Turn clockwise to increase thrust, and anti-clockwise to reduce it.
11.2. Learning (SET UP)

Duringthe learning procedure, the obstacle detection device does not operate. However, the STOP command and the closing safety devices (FSW) are enabled; ifthey are triggered, learning is interrupted and a fault is signalled.

The SETUP cycle is carried out with the plastic housing installed. Just remove the rear door (Fig. 28).
Grip the rear door with both hands and pull gently downward. When you have finished the procedure described in this chapter, put the door back in place.

The learning cycle makes it possible to define the following:

Fig. 28

- the force required to move the door.
- the slow-down points.
- the opening and closing stop points.
- the pause time (in automatic logic).

For heavy doors or for movement problems, learning with a 1000N thrust instead of 600N (Default) is possible.
Learning must be started with the operator locked, irrespective of the door's position.
The procedure also determines the operating logic.
The logic tables indicate the behaviour of the automated system in different conditions, and following commands or action by the safety devices.
Learning can be automatic or manual. In the latter case, the opening and closing deceleration points can be determined. However, in automatic mode, the unit independently determines the movement parameters.
If the procedure is not correctly concluded (e.g. due to excessive friction during door movement), the unit signals a fault status (the SET UP LED flashes slowly). In this case, the procedure must be repeated after the cause is eliminated.

AUTOMATIC LEARNING WITH LOGIC "E" (SEMI-AUTOMATIC)
Press the SET UP push-button for one second.
The SET UP LED starts to flash when you release the push-button.

1) After 8 seconds the operator automatically closes the door until the stop point is detected.
2) The operator begins the opening movement. Wait until the stop point is reached, or give an OPEN command in the position where you wish to stop motion.
3) The operator closes the door.
4) Wait for the door to reach the stop point and for the operator to stop.
If the learning procedure terminated positively, the SET UP LED stops flashing and stays lighted for 5 seconds.

(1) Radio signal programming push-button OPEN B.
(2) RADIO SET UP LED signalling that the OPEN B radio signal is stored in the memory.
(3) Radio signal programming push-button OPEN A.
(4) RADIO SET UP LED signalling that the OPEN A radio signal is stored in the memory.
(5) LED signalling the SET UP stage.
(6) LED signalling photocells status.

Fig. 29
(7) LED signalling STOP.
(8) LED signalling OPEN $A$.
(9) OPEN push-button to totally open sectional door.
(10) SET UP push-button for programming operating logics and learning work times.

During these 5 seconds, in order to lighten the load on the release system, you can send OPEN pulses within a time interval of 2 seconds from each other, in order to reverse the carriage. One pulse corresponds to a 5 millimetre travel.
N.B.: The carriage can be seen reversing only during normal operation of the automated system.
The control unit establishes the deceleration points.

## MANUAL LEARNING WITH LOGIC "E" (SEMI-AUTOMATIC)

Press the SET UP push-button for one second. The SET UP LED starts to flash when you release the push-button. Start the following procedure within 8 seconds (otherwise the operator will perform automatic learning):

1) Give the lst OPEN command: the operator performs a slowed-down closing manoeuvre until it detects the stop point and stops.
2) Give the 2nd OPEN command: the operator continues with an opening movement.
3) Give the 3rd OPEN command in order to define the point where you wish deceleration to begin.
4) Give the 4th OPEN command to define the opening stop point, or wait for the automated system to detect arrival at the stop point and then stop.
5) Give the 5th OPEN command: the automated system begins the closing movement.
6) Give the 6th OPEN command in order to define the point where you wish deceleration to begin.
7) Wait for the door to reach the stop point and for the operator to stop.
If the learning procedure terminated positively, the SET UP LED stops flashing and stays lighted for 5 seconds.
During these 5 seconds, in order to lighten the load on the release system, you can send OPEN pulses within a time interval of 2 seconds from each other, in order to reverse the carriage. One pulse corresponds to a 5 millimetre travel.
N.B.: The carriage can be seen reversing only during normal operation of the automated system.

## AUTOMATIC LEARNING WITH LOGIC "A" (AUTOMATIC)

Hold down the SET UP push-button until the SET UP LED goes on (about 5 seconds). The SET UP LED starts to flash when you release the push-button.

1) After 4 seconds the operator automatically closes the door by deceleration until the stop point is detected.
2) The operator moves the door to open. Wait until the stop point is reached, or give an OPEN command in the position where you wish to stop motion.
3) The operator closes the door.
4) Wait for the door to reach the stop point and for the operator to stop.
If the learning procedure terminated positively, the SET UP LED stops flashing and stays lighted for 5 seconds.
During these 5 seconds, in order to lighten the load on the release system, you can send OPEN pulses within a time interval of 2 seconds from each other, in order to reverse the carriage. One pulse corresponds to a 5 millimetre travel.
N.B.: The carriage can be seen reversing only during normal operation of the automated system.
The control unit establishes the deceleration points.
Pause time is fixed at 3 minutes.

## MANUAL LEARNING WITH LOGIC "A" (AUTOMATIC)

Hold down the SETUP push-button until the SET UP LED goes on (about 5 seconds). The SET UP LED starts to flash when you release the push-button. Start the following procedure within 4 seconds (otherwise the operator will perform automatic SET UP).

1) Give the lst OPEN command: the operator performs a deceleration closing manoeuvre until it detects the stop point.
2) Give the 2nd OPEN command: the operator continues with an opening movement.
3) Give the 3rd OPEN command in order to define the point where you wish deceleration to begin.
4) Give the 4th OPEN command to define the opening stop point, or wait for the automated system to detect arrival at the stop point. After the stop, the time when the automated system is left open starts to be counted. This will be the pause time which will be observed during manual operation (3 minutes maximum).
5) Give the 5th OPEN command: the pause time count is stopped and the closing movement starts.
6) Give the 6th OPEN command in order to define the point where you wish deceleration to begin.
7) Wait for the door to reach the stop point and for the operator to stop.
If the learning procedure terminated positively, the SET UP LED stops flashing and stays lighted for 5 seconds.
During these 5 seconds, in order to lighten the load on the release system, you can send OPEN pulses within a time interval of 2 seconds from each other, in order to reverse the carriage. One pulse corresponds to a 5 millimetre travel.
N.B.: The carriage can be seen reversing only during normal operation of the automated system.

## LEARNING WITH THRUST FORCE OF IOOON

If learning is not performed correctly due to a heavy door or to door movement problems, learning with a greater thrust force ( 1000 N instead of 600 N ) is possible.
How to start this type of learning:

1) Start the required learning cycle in the normal way.
2) While the automated system is performing the specified movements, repeat the learning start procedure.
3) The automated system starts the learning cycle again, but with a greater thrust.

## ON GROUND MANUAL SETTING OF STOP CONTACT POINT (at the learning stage)

During the learning stage, the operator searches for the on-ground stop point, using the maximum force that can be supplied ( $600 / 1000 \mathrm{~N}$ )). To prevent excessive stress, the stop point can be determined also manually: when the automated system performs the closing movements, give an OPEN command when the stop point is reached. If the stop commands at first and second closing were inconsistent, the automated system signals the fault status and the learning cycle must be repeated. During normal operation, the automated system in any case searches for the stop contact point, but it exercises only the force necessary to move the door.

## $\triangle$

The sensitivity of the anti-crushing device depends on programming (anti-crushing sensitivity, manual adjustment of force) and on the door's mechanical characteristics. When installation and programming have been completed, always run the checks specified in the regulations in chapter "WARNINGS FOR THE INSTALLER" of these instructions.

Whenthelearningcycle hasfinished, maketheautomated system perform a complete cycle, in order to acquire the correct closing stop point. If, after the end of this cycle, the automated system opens the door again, command closure.

### 11.3 Pre-flashing

The pre-flashing function can be enabled and disabled (following an OPEN command, the unit activates the flashing lamp for 5 seconds before it starts the movement).
Procedure:

1) Press and hold down the SET UP push-button.
2) Press the OPEN push-button too after about 3 seconds. If the SET UP LED goes ON, pre-flashing was activated, if instead, it stays OFF, pre-flashing was disabled.
3) Release both push-buttons.12. MEMORY STORAGE OF RADIO CONTROLS CODING

## 12. MEMORY STORAGE OF RADIO CONTROLS CODING

The control unit has an integrated 2-channel decoding system (DS, SLH, LC) named OMNIDEC. This system makes it possible to memory-store both total opening (OPEN A) and partial opening (OPEN B) of the automated system - this is made possible by an additional receiver module (Fig. 30 ref. (1)) and radio controls on the same frequency.


## -

The 3 types of radio codes (DS, LSH, LC) cannot coexist.
Only one radio code can be used at a time. To change over from one code to another, you must delete the existing one (see paragraph on deletion), and repeat the memory-storage procedure.

### 12.1. Memory storage of radio controls DS

A maximum of two codes can be stored. One on the OPEN A channel and one on the OPEN B channel

1) On the DS radio control, select the required ON-OFF combination for the 12 dip-switches.
2) To respectively memory store total or partial opening, press the OPEN A or OPEN B push-button for one second (Fig. 31 ref. (2)
3) The relevant LED (Fig. 31 ref (1)), begins to flash for 5 sec.


Fig. 31
4) Within these 5 secs., press the appropriate push-button on the radio control.
5) The relevant LED lights up on steady beam for 1 second and then goes OFF, indicating that storage was executed.
6) To add other radio controls, set the same ON - OFF combination used in point 1).
12.2. Memory storage of radio controls SLH

A Maximum of 250 codes can be memory stored, split between OPEN A and OPEN B.

1) On the SLH radio control, simultaneously press and hold down push-buttons P1 and P2.
2) The radio control LED begins to flash.
3) Release both push-buttons.
4) To respectively memory store total or partial opening, press the OPEN A or OPEN B push-button for one second (Fig. 31 ref. (2).
5) The relevant LED starts to flash slowly for 5 sec.
6) Within these 5 sec ., while the radio control LED is still flashing, press and hold down the required push-button on the radio control (the radio control LED lights up on steady beam).
7) The LED on the board lights up on steady beam for 1 second and then goes OFF, indicating that storage was executed.
8) Release the radio control push-button.
9) Quickly press twice in succession the memory stored radio control push-button.

The automated system performs one opening operation. Make sure that the automated system is free of any obstacle created by persons or things.
10) To add other radio controls, transfer the code of the memory-stored push-button of the radio control to the relevant push-button of the radio controls to be added, observing the following procedure:

- On the memory stored radio control, simultaneously press and hold down push-buttons P1 and P2.
- The radio control LED begins to flash.
- Release both push-buttons.
- Press and hold down the memory-stored push-button (the radio control LED lights up on steady beam).
- Approach the radio controls to each other and hold down the push-button corresponding to the radio control to be added; then release it after a double flash of the radio control LED indicating that storage was executed.
- Quickly press twice in succession the memory stored radio control push-button.

The automated system performs one opening operation. Make sure that the automated system is free of any obstacle created by persons or things.

### 12.3 Memory storage of radio controls LC (for some markets only)

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A Maximum of 250 codes can be memory stored, split between OPEN A and OPEN B.

1) Use LC remote controls only with receiver module at 433 MHz .
2) To respectively memory store total or partial opening, press the OPEN A or OPEN B push-button for one second (Fig. 31 ref. (2).
3) The relevant LED starts to flash slowly for 5 sec.
4) Within these 5 secs., press the appropriate push-button on the LC remote control.
5) The LED lights up on steady beam for 1 second, indicating memory storage executed, and then resumes flashing for another 5 sec., during which another radio control (point 4) can be memory stored.
6) When the 5 secs. have elapsed, the LED goes OFF indicating the end of the procedure.
7) To add other radio controls, repeat the operation from point 1).

### 12.3.1 Remote memory storage of LC radio controls

Other radio controls can be remotely stored only with the LC radio controls, i.e. without using the RADIO SETUP push-buttons, but using a previously stored radio control.

1) Obtain a radio control already stored on one of the 2 channels (OPEN A or OPEN B).
2) Press and simultaneously hold down push-buttons P1 and P2 until the lights of both the LEDs on the board light up.
3) Both LEDs flash slowly for 5 sec
4) Within 5 sec . press the push-button of the radio control that had been memory stored to enable learning on the selected channel (OPEN A or OPEN B).
5) The LED on the board relating to the channel being learned flashes for 5 sec ., within which time the code of another radio control must be transmitted.
6) The LED lights up on steady beam for 2 seconds, indicating memory storage executed, and then resumes flashing for 5 sec., during which other radio controls can be memory stored, as in point 5, and then goes OFF.

### 12.4. Radio controls deletion procedure

1) To delete ALL the radio control codes, hold down push-button OPEN A or OPEN B for 10 sec .
2) The LED relating to the pressed push-button flashes for the first 5 sec , and then flashes more quickly for the next 5 sec .
3) Both LEDs light up on steady beam for 2 sec and then go OFF.
4) Release the pressed push-button when both LEDs light up on a steady beam.

All codes of radio controls stored as OPEN A and OPEN $B$ will be deleted.

## 13. START-UP



After installation, make sure that no part of the door interferes with public spaces such as pavements and/or roads.


Check the status of the unit's inputs and make sure that all the safety devices are correctly connected (the relevant LEDs must be lighted).
Run a few complete cycles to check if the automated system and the accessories connected to it are operating correctly, addressing special care to the safety devices and the anti-crushing device of the operator. Check if the automated system is able to detect an obstacle with a height of 50 mm laid on the ground.
Apply the stickers indicating the release manoeuvre near the automated system. Apply the danger signal sticker (Fig. 32), so that it is clearly visible, near to the door or near to the control device.
Hand the customer the page entitled "User's guide", and describe how the system works, and the operator release and locking operations indicated in the guide.

## 14. PARACHUTE CABLES

Connect the parachute cables to the rear door and to the ceiling lamp to prevent accidental falls (Fig. 33).

## 15. MAINTENANCE

Run a functional check of the system at least every 6 months, with special attention to the efficiency of the safety and release devices.
Once a month: check the efficiency of the anti-crushing device and also check if it is able to detect a 50mm high obstacle laid on the ground.

## 16. REPAIRS

For repairs, contact FAAC's authorised Repair Centres.17.1. Central support
The central support (Fig. 34) provides a central securing point also for the single-piece sliding guide.

## 17. ACCESSORIES

17.1. Central support

The central support (Fig. 34) provides a central securing point also for the single-piece sliding guide.

17.2. Key-operated release

The external release can be installed with the lever system (Fig. 35 ref. A) or the key system (Fig. 35 ref. B). See instructions in par. 6.3 and par. 7.5.


Fig. 35

### 17.3. Safety edge CN6OE

The use of the safety edge with conductive element, is facilitated because the control unit (Fig. 36 ref (1)) can be housed on board the operator.
Procedure:

- Grip the rear door with one hand.
- Pull gently, separating it from the plastic housing.
- Grip the ceiling light with one hand.
- Pull gently, separating it from the plastic housing.
- Unscrew the 4 screws in the 4 corners of the plastic housing.
- Separate it from the base.
- House the control unit as shown in Fig. 36.
- First hook on the two fastening clips on the coupling on the base.
- Then press lightly until you can hear the hooking snap sound
- For the connections, refer to the specific instructions for the CN60E safety edge, and Fig. 27 of these instructions.



### 17.4. Battery kit

The buffer battery kit will activate the automated system in the event of a power cut. The batteries are housed inside the operator (Fig. 37 ref. (1)) fastened by a supplied screw.
To install, consult the specific instructions.

The batteries come into operation when a power cut occurs.

After installing the batteries, connect the male connector to the J12 female connector on the E1000 control board.


Fig. 37

## 18. TROUBLESHOOTING

| Trouble | Possible causes | Solution |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| When the learning procedure is started, the SET UP LED flashes but the automated system does not perform any manoeuvre | The STOP and FSW safety devices are enabled also during the learning stage. Non-connection or wrong connection prevents the operator from working | Check the LEDs' status following the instructions of the "Inputs status LEDs". Check the connections shown in fig. 27 |
| The automated system does not perform any movement | STOP command enabled |  |
|  | The Fail-Safe function is enabled, but the NC contact of the devices connected to the FSW input does not open during test by the unit before the manoeuvre is started |  |
| The automated system opens the door but does not close it | FSW safety devices engaged |  |
| Learning is not finished correctly and the SET UP LED flashes to signal a fault | -The automated system detects that the door movement is too difficult. - If you are using manual adjustment of force, the setthrust could beinsufficient. | Check the balance of the door and make sure that it moves without too much friction. Move the door manually, using the rod fitting on the door, and check if the movement is smooth and does not require too much traction or thrust. Execute a new learning cycle. If necessary, vary the thrust force (if using manual adjustment) or start learning with a maximum thrust of 1000 N . |
| The automated system frequently reverses motion during the opening and/or closing manoeuvre |  |  |
| It is difficult to release the automated system while the door is closed | Too muchmechanical load on the release system with the door closed | Run a new learning cycle and, when over, lighten the closing thrust, commanding the carriage to withdraw as described in paragraph 11.2. |
| The SET UP LED flashes to signal a fault status | The learning cycle did not finish positively. | Run a new learning cycle |
|  | DS1's switch No. 3 (automatic/manual adjustment of force) was shifted and a new learning cycle was not executed. |  |

